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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
	10/711,353	09/13/2004	Peter C. Williams	22188/06858	5352	•
	24024	7590 12/01/2005		EXAMINER		
	CALFEE HALTER & GRISWOLD, LLP			FULTON, CHRISTOPHER W		
	800 SUPERIOR AVENUE SUITE 1400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	•	
		EVELAND, OH 44114		2859		

DATE MAILED: 12/01/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/711,353	WILLIAMS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Christopher W. Fulton	2859				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.  3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-42 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) 30 and 31 is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-20,22-29 and 32-40 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) 21,41 and 42 is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on 13 September 2004 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 1/10/05 &amp; 10/12/05.</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 1, 11, 23, 32, 38, and 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lennon et al in view of Payne.

The device as claimed is substantially disclosed by Lennon et al '373 which shows a standard ferrule connection, but lacks a visual indication that indicates proper connection when a visually perceptible marking is substantially imperceptible.

Payne teaches using a visual indication mark (10) that is imperceptible when proper connection at a joint is achieved. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a visual indication in

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the ferrule connection of Lennon et al '373 as taught by Payne to positively indicate when a proper connection is made by making a indicator mark visually imperceptible.

3. Claims 2-10, 12-20, 22, 24-29, 33-37, and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lennon et al '373 in view of Payne as applied to claims 1, 11, 23, 32, 38, and 39 above, and further in view of Petersen.

The device as claimed is disclosed by the combination of Lennon et al '373 and Payne together as stated in the rejection recited above for claims 1, 11, 23, 32, 38, and 39, but lacks the indicator mark being the specific styles claimed, such as color enhanced, to make the mark more visually perceptive.

Petersen teaches using enhancing indicator markings for joints to make the marks more visually perceptive with a visually enhanced feature such as color. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use any old and well known enhanced feature, such as color, on the markings of the combination of Lennon et al '373 and Payne together as taught by Petersen to make the marks more visually perceptive.

## **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double

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patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 5. Claims 1-20, 22-29, and 32-40 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-21 of U.S. Patent No. 6,279,242. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application claims are either broader then the patented claims or the wording is slightly different, but of equivalent scope.
- 6. Claims 1-20, 22-29, and 32-40 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-20 of U.S. Patent No. 6,502,323. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application claims are either broader then the patented claims or the wording is slightly different, but of equivalent scope.
- 7. Claims 1-20, 22-29, and 32-40 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-31 of U.S. Patent No. 6,640,457. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application claims are either broader then the patented claims or the wording is slightly different, but of equivalent scope.
- 8. Claims 1-20, 22-29, and 32-40 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,766,582. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application claims are either broader then the patented claims or the wording is slightly different, but of equivalent scope.

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## Allowable Subject Matter

- 9. Claims 30 and 31 are allowed.
- 10. Claims 21, 41, and 42 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Christopher W. Fulton whose telephone number is (571) 272-2242. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 5:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego F.F. Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**CWF** 

Christopher W. Fulton Primary Examiner Art Unit 2859